INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

30 JUNE 2020



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REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF GULF BANK K.S.C.P.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed statement of financial position of Gulf Bank K.S.C.P. (the "Bank") as at 30 June 2020, and the related interim condensed statement of income and interim condensed statement of comprehensive income for the three months and six months periods then ended and the related interim condensed statement of cash flows and interim condensed statement of changes in equity for the six months period then ended. The management of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed financial information in accordance with the basis of presentation set out in Note 2. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim condensed financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of presentation set out in Note 2.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Furthermore, based on our review, the interim condensed financial information is in agreement with the books of account of the Bank. We further report that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we have not become aware of any violations of the Companies Law No. 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations, as amended, or of the Bank's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, during the six months period ended 30 June 2020 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Bank or on its financial position.

We further report that, during the course of our review, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we have not become aware of any material violations of the provisions of Law No. 32 of 1968, as amended, concerning currency, the Central Bank of Kuwait and the organization of banking business, and its related regulations, during the six months period ended 30 June 2020 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Bank or on its financial position.

ABDULKARIM AL SAMDAN LICENCE NO. 208 A EY

AL AIBAN, AL OSAIMI & PARTNERS

TALAL YOUSEF AL-MUZAINI LICENCE NO. 209 A DELOITTE & TOUCHE

AL-WAZZAN & CO.

August 2020

09 August 2020 Kuwait

Interim Condensed Statement of Income (Unaudited)

PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	3 months ended 30 June 2020 KD 000's	3 months ended 30 June 2019 KD 000's	6 months ended 30 June 2020 KD 000's	6 months ended 30 June 2019 KD 000's
Interest income Interest expense		55,245 22,836	64,403 27,490	113,269 51,967	128,139 53,650
Net interest income		32,409	36,913	61,302	74,489
Net fees and commissions Net gains from dealing in foreign		4,734	7,229	11,491	13,898
currencies and derivatives		1,524	2,392	3,593	4,581
Dividend income		-	-	352	575
Other income		231	1,803	475	2,040
Operating income		38,898	48,337	77,213	95,583
Staff expenses		8,882	11,515	20,389	23,250
Occupancy costs		678	652	1,411	1,289
Depreciation		1,932	1,730	3,870	3,448
Other expenses		3,236	4,450	7,804	11,942
Operating expenses		14,728	18,347	33,474	39,929
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE PROVISIONS / IMPAIRMENT LOSSES		24,170	29,990	43,739	55,654
Charge (release) of provisions:		22.070	22.212	22 246	25 217
- specific - general		23,979 (547)	22,313 531	32,246 2,752	35,317 (346)
Loan recoveries, net of write-off		(2,948)	(5,802)	(3,867)	(4,890)
Net provision on other financial assets		(5)	41	(84)	332
Impairment loss on other assets	12	372	140	372	140
OPERATING PROFIT		3,319	12,767	12,320	25,101
Contribution to Kuwait Foundation					
for the Advancement of Sciences		32	128	123	252
National Labour Support Tax Zakat		84 32	316 128	307 123	622 252
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		3,171	12,195	11,767	23,975
BASIC AND DILUTED					
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Fils)	3	1	4	4	8

Interim Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	3 months ended 30 June 2020 KD 000's	3 months ended 30 June 2019 KD 000's	6 months ended 30 June 2020 KD 000's	6 months ended 30 June 2019 KD 000's
Profit for the period	3,171	12,195	11,767	23,975
Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to interim condensed statement of income: Net changes in fair value of investment securities-equity Items that are reclassified or may be reclassified subsequently to interim condensed statement of income:	(607)	(918)	(4,459)	1,254
Net changes in fair value of debt instruments at FVOCI	1	(7)	1	(12)
Other comprehensive income for the period	(606)	(925)	(4,458)	1,242
Total comprehensive income for the period	2,565	11,270	7,309	25,217

GULF BANK K.S.C.P. Interim Condensed Statement of Financial Position

	Notes _	(Unaudited) 30 June 2020 KD 000's	(Audited) 31 December 2019 KD 000's	(Unaudited, 30 June 2019 KD 000's
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents		811,826	847,881	847,848
Treasury bills and bonds		165,500	232,000	326,500
Central Bank of Kuwait bonds		279,634	278,675	283,992
Deposits with banks and other financial institutions		55,855	128,368	160,966
Loans and advances to banks		206,102	212,978	133,736
Loans and advances to customers		4,188,995	4,224,608	3,955,333
nvestment securities		164,855	170,694	153,702
Other assets	12	117,315	113,549	111,920
Premises and equipment		35,195	36,664	36,875
TOTAL ASSETS		6,025,277	6,245,417	6,010,872
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Due to banks		434,474	398,713	505,504
Deposits from financial institutions		873,851	1,018,487	841,527
Customer deposits		3,915,754	3,949,901	3,804,447
Subordinated Tier 2 bonds Other liabilities		100,000 101,887	100,000 113,993	100,000 134,465
FOTAL LIABILITIES		5,425,966	5,581,094	5,385,943
EQUITY				
Share capital	4	304,813	304,813	304,813
tatutory reserve		39,106	39,106	32,429
Share premium		153,024	153,024	153,024
roperty revaluation reserve		18,425	18,425	17,983
reasury share reserve		22,926	24,111	24,111
air valuation reserve		2,714	7,522	8,348
Letained earnings		128,885	190,927	157,826
		669,893	737,928	698,534
reasury shares	5	(70,582)	(73,605)	(73,605)
TOTAL EQUITY		599,311	664,323	624,929
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		6,025,277	6,245,417	6,010,872

Jassim Mustafa Boodai (Chairman)

Antoine Daher
(Chief Executive Officer)

Interim Condensed Statement of Cash Flows

(Unaudited) PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	6 months ended 30 June 2020 KD 000's	6 months ended 30 June 2019 KD 000's
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the period Adjustments:		11,767	23,975
Effective interest rate adjustment		(16)	(132)
Dividend income		(352)	(575)
Depreciation		3,870	3,448
Loan loss provisions		34,998	34,971
Net provision on other financial assets		372	332
Impairment loss on other assets	12	(84)	140
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE CHANGES IN OPERATING			
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		50,555	62,159
Decrease/(increase) in operating assets:			
Treasury bills and bonds		66,500	69,236
Central Bank of Kuwait bonds		(959)	37,961
Deposits with banks and other financial institutions		72,592	(4,712)
Loans and advances to banks		6,818	10,057
Loans and advances to customers		(40,051)	(40,028)
Other assets		(6,108)	(4,746)
Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Oue to banks Deposits from financial institutions		35,761	91,022
Customer deposits		(144,636)	(164,367)
Other liabilities		(34,147)	69,692
NET CASH FLOWS (USED IN)/FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(13,578)	(3,367)
		(7,253)	122,907
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of investment securities		45 455)	
Proceeds from sale of investment securities		(5,452)	(13,307)
Purchase of premises and equipment		8,808	28,035
Dividend income received		(2,401) 352	(3,490) 575
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,307	11,813
Dividend paid	6	(21.045)	(20.001)
roceeds from sale of treasury shares	O	(31,947) 1,838	(28,981)
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(30,109)	(28,981)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	rs	(36,055)	
			105,739
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY		847,881	742,109
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 JUNE		811,826	847,848
dditional cash flows information			
nterest received		108,006	133,273
nterest paid		54,404	50,471

Interim Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity

(Unaudited)

PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

				L W	RESERVES	0				
					a Land					
				Property	Treasury	Fair				
	Share	Statutory	Share	revaluation	share	valuation	Retained	Sub-total	Treasury	
	capital	reserve	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	reserves	shares	Total
	<u>KD 000's</u>	<u>KD 000's</u>	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's	<u>KD 000's</u>	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's
At 1 January 2019	304,813	32,429	153,024	17,983	24,111	7,382	162,556	397,485	(73,605)	628,693
Profit for the period	1	•					23,975	23,975	•	23,975
Other comprehensive income for the period	1	'		•		1,242	٠	1,242		1,242
Total comprehensive income for the period	•					1,242	23,975	25,217		25,217
Dividend paid (Note 6)	,	•	•				(28,981)	(28,981)	•	(28,981)
Realised gain on equity securities at FVOCI	1	•				(276)	276			•
At 30 June 2019	304,813	32,429	153,024	17,983	24,111	8,348	157,826	393,721	(73,605)	624,929
At 1 January 2020	304,813	39,106	153,024	18,425	24,111	7,522	190,927	433,115	(73,605)	664,323
Profit for the period		•	•				11,767	11,767	,	11,767
Other comprehensive income for the period	•	'				(4,458)		(4,458)	,	(4,458)
Total comprehensive income for the period		•				(4,458)	11,767	7,309		7,309
Dividend paid (Note 6)	ı	•					(31,947)	(31,947)		(31,947)
Modification loss on consumer lending (Note 13)	1		•				(42,212)	(42,212)	,	(42,212)
Realised gain on equity securities at FVOCI	1			•	,	(350)	350	•		•
Sale of treasury shares				•	•			ı	3,023	3,023
Loss on sale of treasury shares	1	1	,		(1,185)			(1,185)		(1,185)
At 30 June 2020	304,813	39,106	153,024	18,425	22,926	2,714	128,885	365,080	(70,582)	599,311

The attached notes 1 to 13 form part of the interim condensed financial information.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

1. INCORPORATION AND REGISTRATION

Gulf Bank K.S.C.P. (the "Bank") is a public shareholding company incorporated in Kuwait on 29 October 1960 and is registered as a bank with the Central Bank of Kuwait. The Bank's shares are listed on Kuwait Stock Exchange. Its registered office is at Mubarak Al Kabir Street, P.O. Box 3200, 13032 Safat, Kuwait City.

The interim condensed financial information of the Bank for the six months period ended 30 June 2020 was authorised by the Board of Directors for issue on 22 July 2020.

The principal activities of the Bank are described in Note 7.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

This interim condensed financial information of the Bank has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" except as noted below:

The annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard ("IFRS") as adopted for use by the State of Kuwait for financial services institutions regulated by the Central Bank of Kuwait ("CBK"). These regulations require expected credit loss ("ECL") to be measured at the higher of the ECL on credit facilities computed under IFRS 9 in accordance to the CBK guidelines or the provisions as required by CBK instructions; the consequent impact on related disclosures; and the adoption of all other requirements of IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") (collectively referred to as IFRS, as adopted for use by the State of Kuwait). Further, during the period ended 30 June 2020, the CBK has extended their regulations to require that modification losses arising from postponement of instalments of consumer and instalment loans and credit card instalments for a period of six months in response to the economic impact of Covid -19 are to be recognized in retained earnings instead of the income statement.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the interim condensed financial information are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 except as mentioned above.

Amendments to IFRSs which are effective for annual accounting period starting from 1 January 2020 did not have any material impact on the accounting policies, financial position or performance of the Bank.

The interim condensed financial information does not contain all information and disclosures required for full financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS, and should be read in conjunction with the Bank's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019. Further, operating results for the six months period ended 30 June 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2020.

This interim condensed financial information has been presented in Kuwaiti Dinars ("KD") which is the Bank's functional currency, rounded off to the nearest thousand (KD 000's), except when otherwise indicated.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

3. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, which is as follows:

	period, which is as follows:				wording during
	person, vinion to no tonovio.	3 months	3 months	6 months	6 months
		ended	ended	ended	ended
		30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
		2020	2019	2020	2019
		KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's
	Profit for the period	3,171	12,195	11,767	23,975
		Shares	Shares	Shares	Shares
	Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, net of				
	treasury shares	2,904,294,491	2,898,133,288	2,902,723,099	2,898,133,288
	Basic and diluted earnings per share				
	(Fils)	1	4	4	8
4.	SHARE CAPITAL				
			(Unaudited	d) (Audited)	(Unaudited)
			30 June	31 December	
			2020	2019	2019
	Authorised, issued and fully paid up		KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's
	3,048,127,898 (31 December 2019: 3,04	18 127 808			
	and 30 June 2019: 3,048,127,898) shares		304,813	304,813	304,813
				=	=====
5.	TREASURY SHARES				
			(Unaudited	,	(Unaudited)
			30 June	31 December	
			2020	2019	2019
	Number of treasury shares		143,833,407	, ,	149,994,610
	Percentage of treasury shares		4.72%	<u>4.92%</u>	4.92%
	Cost of treasury shares (KD 000's)		70,582	73,605	73,605
	Weighted average market value of treasur	ry shares (KD 000'	s) 34,664	44,098	44,398

This includes 13,641,280 treasury shares costing KD 5,488 thousand, which represent collaterals repossessed in settlement of debts from customers. The balance in the treasury share reserve of **KD 22,926 thousand** (31 December 2019: KD 24,111 thousand and 30 June 2019: KD 24,111 thousand) is not available for distribution. An amount equivalent to the cost of the treasury shares have been earmarked as non-distributable from statutory reserve, share premium, treasury shares reserve and retained earnings through out the holding period of treasury shares.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

6. DIVIDEND

The shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 31 March 2020 approved a cash dividend of 11 fils per share (2018: 10 fils) for the year ended 31 December 2019. The cash dividend was recorded on 31 March 2020 and paid subsequently.

7. SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

By Business Unit

providing consumer loans, overdrafts, credit card facilities and funds transfer facilities

to individuals; and other credit facilities to corporate and institutional customers.

Treasury & Investments Providing money market, trading and treasury services, as well as management of the

Bank's funding operations by use of treasury bills, government securities, placements and acceptances with other banks. The proprietary investments of the Bank are

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managed by the investments unit.

Segmental information for the six months period ended 30 June is as follows:

			Treas	sury &		
	Commerc	ial Banking	Inves	tments	T	otal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's
Operating income (excluding unallocated income provided below)	((102	50.540	(2.22)			
meonic provided below)	66,183	73,718	(2,370)	4,598	63,813	78,316
Segment result	24,692	30,356	(2,966)	3,737	21,726	34,093
Unallocated income					13,400	17,267
Unallocated expense					(23,359)	(27,385)
Profit for the period					11,767	23,975
Segment assets	4,497,573	4,206,290	1,447,648	1,735,250	5,945,221	5,941,540
Unallocated assets	, ,	, , , , , ,	_,,.	2,700,000	80,056	69,332
Total Assets					6,025,277	6,010,872
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	2,925,822	2,991,231	2,316,787	2,178,595	5,242,609	5,169,826
and equity					782,668	841,046
Total Liabilities						
and Equity					6,025,277	6,010,872

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Certain related parties (major shareholder, Board members and executive management of the Bank, their families and companies of which they are principal owners) were customers of the Bank in the ordinary course of business. The terms of these transactions were approved as per the Bank's policies.

The transaction and balances included in the interim condensed statement of income and interim condensed financial information are as follows:

		(Audited)	,
			9
	Number of related parties	(Audited)	100
Number of Board Members or executive	management	(Audited)	20 Inna 21 December 20 L.

		111211292112111		IIDAT	raminor of Icharon parties	S			
		(Audited)			(Audited)			(Audited)	
	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2020	2019	2019	2020	2019	2019	2020	2019	2019
							KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's
Board members:									
Balances									
Loans and advances	1		1	13	14	14	216.202	176.918	149.780
Credit cards	1	9	3	e	7	4	12	98	54
Deposits	S	8	∞	89	09	53	67.182	25.560	860.809
Commitments/derivatives									
Guarantees / letters of credit	1	1	1	7	5	9	5,149	5,388	5.893
Forward foreign exchange contracts	•	•	•	1	•	-	. 1		14,649
Transactions									
Interest income	1	1	1	19	19	19	3,143	7,025	3,317
Interest expense	3	5	5	18	21	17	184	9,512	7,715
Net fees and commissions	•	•	•	9	12	111	18	120	72
Other expenses	1	•	1	12	12	10	933	2,655	843
Purchase of equipment	1	1	•	2	2	2	10	173	115
Executive management:									
Balances									
Loans and advances	2	2	2	1	1	ı	39	47	58
Credit cards	7	11	10	1	•	1	17	28	19
Deposits	13	12	11	1	•	•	2.083	1.491	1.477
Transactions									
Interest income	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	33	
Interest expense	13	13	11	1	1	•	13	28	13

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The loans issued to directors and executive management are repayable within CBK regulatory limits and have interest rates of 2% to 6% (2019: 3.5% to 6%) per annum. Some of the loans advanced to Board members and their related parties during the period are collateralised. The fair value of these collaterals as of 30 June 2020 was **KD 116,390** thousand (31 December 2019: KD 116,820 thousand and 30 June 2019: KD 71,177 thousand).

Compensation for key management, including executive management, comprises the following:

		months ended 30 June 2020 KD 000's	6 months ended 30 June 2019 KD 000's
Salaries and other short-term benefits		1,406	2,204
End of service/termination benefits		396	259
9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS		1,802	2,463
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)
	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2020	2019	2019
	KD 000's	KD 000's	KD 000's
Guarantees Letters of credit and acceptances	1,217,348	1,213,861	1,251,490
	187,131	247,720	219,513
	1,404,479	1,461,581	1,471,003

As at reporting date, the Bank had undrawn commitments to extend credit facilities to customers amounting to **KD** 314,200 thousand (31 December 2019: KD 291,604 thousand and 30 June 2019: KD 208,109 thousand). The contractual terms entitle the Bank to withdraw these facilities at any time.

10. DERIVATIVES

In the ordinary course of business the Bank enters into various types of transactions that involve derivative financial instruments. A derivative financial instrument is a financial contract between two parties where payments are dependent upon movements in price of one or more underlying financial instruments, reference rate or index.

The table below shows the positive and negative fair value of derivative financial instruments, together with the notional amounts analysed by the term to maturity. The notional amount is the amount of a derivative's underlying asset, reference rate or index and is the basis upon which changes in the value of derivatives are measured.

The notional amounts indicate the volume of transactions outstanding at the period end and are not indicative of either market or credit risk. All derivative contracts are fair valued based on observable market data.

At 30 June 2020:					amounts by maturity
Derivatives instruments held as:	Positive fair value KD 000's	Negative fair value KD 000's	Notional amount total KD 000's	Within 3 months KD 000's	3-12 months KD 000's
Trading (and non qualifying hedges) Forward foreign exchange contracts	287	(94)	55,201	52,089	3,112

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

10. DERIVATIVES (continued)					
At 31 December 2019:					amounts by maturity
Derivatives instruments held as: Trading (and non qualifying hedges) Forward foreign exchange contracts	Positive fair value KD 000's	Notional Negative fair value KD 000's	Notional amount total KD 000's	Within 3 months KD 000's	3-12 months KD 000's
At 30 June 2019:			Notional		amounts by maturity
Derivatives instruments held as:	Positive fair value KD 000's	Negative fair value KD 000's	amount total KD 000's	Within 3 months KD 000's	3-12 months KD 000's
Trading (and non qualifying hedges) Forward foreign exchange contracts	261	(236)	34,317	34,138	179

11. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of all financial instruments are not materially different from their carrying values. For financial assets and financial liabilities that are liquid or having a short-term maturity (less than three months), the carrying amounts approximate to their fair value and this applies to demand deposits, savings accounts without a specific maturity and variable rate financial instruments.

The methods and valuation techniques used for the purpose of measuring fair value are unchanged compared to the previous reporting period.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

At 30 June 2020:

	Level 1 KD '000	Level 2 KD '000	Level 3 KD '000	Total KD '000
Financial assets at FVOCI: Equity securities Debt securities	10,303	6,001 202	11,934	28,238 202
	10,303	6,203	11,934	28,440

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities at amortised cost as at 30 June 2020 were **KD 136,415 thousand** (31 December 2019: KD 136,727 thousand; 30 June 2019: KD 117,737 thousand) and **KD 118,106 thousand** (Level 1) (31 December 2019: KD 118,235 thousand; 30 June 2019: KD 98,736 thousand) and **KD 20,800 thousand** (Level 2) (31 December 2019: KD 20,800 thousand; 30 June 2019: KD 20,800 thousand) respectively.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

11. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

At 3	1	December	2019-

Financial assets at FVOCI:	Level 1 KD '000	Level 2 KD '000	Level 3 KD '000	Total KD '000
Equity securities Debt securities	15,868	5,978 201	11,920	33,766 201
At 30 June 2019:	15,868	6,179	11,920	33,967
Financial assets at FVOCI:	Level 1 KD '000	Level 2 KD '000	Level 3 KD '000	Total KD '000
Equity securities Debt securities	15,598	5,413 1,110	13,844	34,855 1,110
	15,598	6,523	13,844	35,965

During the period, there were no transfers between any of the fair value hierarchy levels.

The positive and negative fair values of forward foreign exchange contracts are valued using significant inputs of observable market data (Level 2). Refer Note 10.

Other financial assets and liabilities are carried at amortized cost and the carrying values are not materially different from their fair values as most of these assets and liabilities are of short term maturities or are repriced immediately based on market movement in interest rates.

12. OTHER ASSETS

	(Unaudited) 30 June 2020 KD 000's	(Audited) 31 December 2019 KD 000's	(Unaudited) 30 June 2019 KD 000's
Accrued interest receivable Sundry debtors and others Repossessed collaterals (refer movement below)	27,450 17,411 72,454	22,187 18,536 72,826	16,407 20,839 74,674
Movement in repossessed collaterals:	117,315	113,549	111,920
	(Unaudited) 30 June 2020 KD 000's	(Audited) 31 December 2019 KD 000's	(Unaudited) 30 June 2019 KD 000's
Beginning balance Additions	72,826	71,031	71,031
- Listed equity securities Disposals Impairment loss	(372)	8,432 (5,378) (1,259)	8,432 (4,649) (140)
Closing balance	72,454	72,826	74,674

Investment securities amounting to **KD 2,522 thousand** (31 December 2019: KD 2,894 thousand and 30 June 2019: KD 3,643 thousand) are fair valued using quoted market prices (Level 1).

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

13. COVID-19 IMPACT

COVID-19 Pandemic 2020

The coronavirus (COVID-19) has brought about uncertainties in the global economic environment. The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in authorities implementing numerous measures attempting to contain the spread and impact of COVID-19, such as travel bans and restrictions, quarantines, and limitations on business activities, including full and partial closures. COVID-19 could continue to negatively impact businesses, the Bank's counterparties and customers, and the Kuwait and/or global economy for a prolonged period of time.

Consumer and instalment loans deferral

In response to Kuwait Banking Association's Board Resolution, the Bank announced postponement of payment of consumer and instalment loans as well as payment due on credit cards for a period of six months effective from 1 April 2020, waiving also the interest and any other fees resulting from such postponement. The instalment deferrals are considered as short-term liquidity support to address individual borrower's potential cash-flow issues. The loan deferral scheme resulted in a modification day 1 loss of **KD 42,212 thousand** arising from the modification of contractual cash-flows. The modification loss is charged to retained earnings in accordance with the Bank's accounting policy as stated in Note 2.

Other impacted non-retail customers

Deferral of instalments: Based on CBK instructions, the Bank has provided an option for other impacted non-retail customers to defer the payment of instalments for a period of 6 months, without any penalties and charges. The Bank has also communicated to these customers that interest at existing contractual rates would continue to accrue during the grace period and this would be payable after completion of the grace period September 2020.

New soft loans: In line with CBK guidelines on soft loans for clients negatively affected by COVID-19 pandemic to cover the cash flow deficit, the Bank has granted loans to SME and Corporate customers. The tenor of loans is maximum of 3 years with one-year grace period at a fixed interest rate of 2.5% per annum. The interest cost in full for the first year and 50% of interest cost for the second year will be borne by the State of Kuwait Government.

Support measures on COVID-19

On April 2, 2020, the CBK took series of measures in its efforts to support the local economy and the banking sector in Kuwait by impacting various measures to enhance the ability of banks to play a vital role in the economy, expanding their lending space, strengthening their financing capabilities, encouraging them to lend to productive economic sectors and providing liquidity to the impacted customers. Below are the measures valid up to 31 December 2020:

- Decrease the Liquidity Coverage Ratio from 100% to 80%
- Decrease the Net Stable Financing Ratio from 100% to 80%
- Decrease the regulatory Liquidity Ratio from 18% to 15%
- Increase the maximum limits of the negative cumulative gap for liquidity across various time bands
- Increase the maximum limits available for finance from 90% to 100% of deposits
- Release the Capital Conservation Buffer of 2.5% of risk-weighted assets in the form of CET1
- Decrease the risk weights for lending to SMEs from 75% to 25% for the purposes of Capital Adequacy
- Increase the loan-to-value limits for loans granted to individuals for the purpose of purchasing and/or developing properties

Business continuity

In response to the pandemic, the Bank has implemented protocols and processes to help protect employees, customers and community partners. These measures include: leveraging our online platforms and business continuity plans and enhancing our capabilities to support employees to work from home, and pre-planned contingency strategies for critical site-based operations. These capabilities have allowed us to continue to service our customers. The Bank will continue to manage the increased operational risk related to the execution of our business continuity plans in accordance with Risk Management policies.

Notes to the Interim Condensed Financial Information (Unaudited)

30 June 2020

13. COVID-19 IMPACT (continued)

Expected Credit Loss updates

The Bank has considered the potential impact of the uncertainties caused by the COVID-19 pandemic while estimating the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) requirements for the period ended 30 June 2020.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Bank takes into account their historic experience of losses updated to reflect current conditions as well as forecasts of future economic conditions to assess if there is significant increase in credit risk or objective evidence of impairment in the light of COVID-19 situation. Key areas that the Bank has given focus for ECL computation for the period ended 30 June 2020 to reflect the increased level of risk are as under:

- Staging review based on sector impact
- PD and LGD model update with macroeconomic scenarios
- Temporary financial difficulties of the borrowers versus longer-term or permanent impact
- Sector analysis of retail loans that have increase likelihood of job losses and pay cuts
- Significant corporate exposures are individually assessed to identify significant increase in credit risk as and when reliable data is available
- Deferral of instalments will not automatically trigger significant increase in credit risk

The above assessment has resulted in staging downgrade of certain exposures and corresponding increase in ECL.

Staging review

A key indicator of changes in the credit quality of loan portfolio is how much of it has been moved between stages, as this indicates whether the loan portfolio has undergone a significant increase in credit risk. With this view in mind, the Bank done a qualitative review of the portfolio to reflect the increased credit risk on clients engaged in the severely impacted sectors. A qualitative review of clients in the grade '6' and where the sector impact is severe has been identified and moved to Stage 2 to reflect the increased credit risk.

Macro-economic factors

As the IFRS 9 impairment model is forward-looking, the Bank is required to consider a range of possible future economic scenarios and their probability to calculate ECL. As the economies coming to a near shutdown and uncertainty creeping into economic activities, the Bank is finding it extremely challenging to quantify the impact with the existing forward-looking models in place. Therefore, adjustments to model results, based on expert credit judgement as mentioned above could be necessary to reflect the information available at the reporting date appropriately.

Nevertheless, the Bank has undertaken the exercise of updating the Probability of Defaults (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) models used for ECL calculation with historical experience to derive links between changes in economic conditions and customer behaviour. The Bank has applied the latest macroeconomic overlays to reflect the present economic conditions in the PD and LGD model. The Bank has also applied management overlay in assessing the ECL for the retail segment given that employees of specific industries in the private sector are expected to be most impacted due to Covid-19. These adjustments and management overlays resulted in significant increase in the amount of ECL requirements for the period ended 30 June 2020.

Notwithstanding the above, ECL requirements for credit facilities estimated as at 30 June 2020 continue to be lower than the provisions required as per CBK instructions. In accordance with Bank's accounting policy, the higher amount being provision required as per CBK instructions is recognized as provisions for credit losses on credit facilities.